## **Yewtree Pupil Premium Strategy Statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils. It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.



#### **School overview**

| Detail   | Data  |
|--|---|
| School name  | Yewtree Primary School  |
| Number of pupils in school   | 346   |
| Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils  | 125 pupils – 36%  |
| Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended) | 23/24, 24/25, 25/26   |
| Date this statement was published  | Autumn 24   |
| Date on which it will be reviewed  | Autumn 25   |
| Statement authorised by  | Karen Yilmaz<br>Headteacher                                       |
| Pupil premium leads  | Karen Yilmaz (Headteacher)<br>and Pascie King-Bushell<br>(SENDCo) |
| Governor / Trustee lead  | Dawn Helfgott   |

## **Funding overview**

| Detail   | Amount   |
|--|----------|
| Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year    | £178,785 |
| Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year | £0       |
| Total budget for this academic year                    | £178,785 |
|  |          |

## **Yewtree Pupil Premium Strategy Plan**

#### Statement of intent

It is our intention that all pupils at Yewtree Primary School, irrespective of their backgrounds or the challenges they face progress as expected through our school curriculum.

Through our school's values Trust, Hardworking, Resilience, Independent, Valued and Equality we intend to support the whole child to thrive. This includes their attendance, behaviour, mental health and access to extra-curricular education as we understand that all of these can have an impact on their educational outcomes.

The focus of our Pupil Premium Strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to achieve this goal. The strategies outlined within this plan are intended to support pupil needs regardless of whether they are disadvantaged or not. We will consider challenges faced by disadvantaged pupils in our school, including those with multiple challenges, and those who have a social worker or are young carers.

High quality first teaching and targeted teacher CPD, alongside a well-mapped curriculum is at the centre of our approach as this has been proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantaged attainment gap and one which will benefit all pupils within Yewtree.

Our strategy is integral for wider school plans for improvement, identifying gaps and intervening early in order for pupils to 'catch-up' and 'keep-up', including non-disadvantaged pupils and ensure continued progress with those that are already high attainers.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs gained from robust diagnostic assessment, observations and discussions rather than assumptions about the impact of disadvantage.

Our motto "Choosing to learn, growing success" embodies our ethos as we wholeheartedly believe in promoting opportunities for all of our pupils to become confident, independent lifelong learners regardless of their prior attainment information.

## **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

| Challenge<br>number | Detail of challenge   |
|---------------------|---|
| 1                   | Observations and assessments indicate that our disadvantaged pupils have under developed oral language skills and vocabulary gaps, this is evident across the whole school and has had a negative impact on learning across all curriculum areas. |
| 2                   | Previous data and assessments suggest that disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with phonics and early reading than their peers which has a negative impact on their reading.   |
| 3                   | Internal and external (where available) assessments indicate that Maths and English attainment among disadvantaged pupils is significantly below that of non-disadvantaged pupils.  |
| 4                   | Observations and discussions indicate that disadvantaged pupils and families have poorer life skills and experiences including limited access to enrichment opportunities outside of the curriculum.  |
| 5                   | Discussions with pupils and parents and data analysis has indicated that disadvantaged pupils' mental health and wellbeing and general health heave been affected since the cost of living crisis.  |
| 6                   | Attendance data indicates that attendance and lateness amongst disadvantaged pupils is more pronounced, which is negatively impacting their expected progress through the curriculum.   |

### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

| Intended outcome  | Success criteria   |
|---|--|
| Developed oral language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils  | Assessments and observations indicate improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including lesson visits, book looks and ongoing formative assessment.   |
| Improved phonics and early reading skills amongst disadvantaged pupils  | KS1 phonic outcomes improved so that more disadvantaged pupils are reaching the expected standard in line with National data.  Pupils will know and remember more phonic sounds.   |
| Improve reading attainment across the school particularly among disadvantaged pupils at the end of EYFS, KS1 and KS2                        | Reading outcomes at the end of each phase show an increasing proportion of disadvantaged pupils meeting the expected curriculum and national standards   |
| Improve Maths attainment across the school particularly among disadvantaged pupils at the end of EYFS, KS1 and KS2                          | Maths outcomes at the end of each phase show an increasing proportion of disadvantaged pupils meeting the expected curriculum and national standards   |
| Opportunities for life skills to be taught and life experiences built into the school curriculum.   | The school curriculum will build in opportunities for life skills and experiences.   |
| All pupils, especially disadvantaged pupils will have access to extra-curricular enrichment opportunities outside of the curriculum.        | Data will show that disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged are accessing our extra-curricular opportunities.  |
| To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.  To support parent knowledge | <ul> <li>Sustained levels of wellbeing demonstrated by:</li> <li>qualitative data from student voice, student and parent surveys and teacher observations</li> <li>Engagement during lesson visits</li> <li>Data will show increasing engagement from parents during parental surveys, curriculum workshops and parents evenings.</li> </ul> |
| To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, especially our disadvantaged pupils.   | The overall absence rate for all pupils will be no more than 5%, and the attendance gap between disadvantaged peers and their non-disadvantaged peers will be reduced.  The percentage of pupils whom are persistently absent will be reduced.   |

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £ 100, 000

|   | Challenge number(s) addressed   |
|---|---|
| Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF   | 2   |
| There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading:  Oral language interventions   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF                       | 1, 2, 3   |
| The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:  Maths guidance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk)  Improving Mathematics in the Early Years and Key Stage 1   EEF (educationendow- | 3   |
|   | that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF  There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discussion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading:  Oral language interventions   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF  The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:  Maths guidance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.service.gov.uk)  Improving Mathematics in the Early Years |

| Specific training on Herts<br>Maths essentials for new<br>staff and ECT's   |  |     |
|---|--|-----|
| Develop character related approaches (behaviours for learning) through school's values (THRIVE), Jigsaw PSHE program, developing aspirations and developing 'growth' mindsets  Continue to invest in Commando Jo program (1 day per week) to work with specific groups and individuals on value education | Evidence in the EEF's literature review on non-cognitive suggest that character-related approaches can be most effective for improving attainment when they are specifically linked to learning.  Non-cognitive skills literature review 1.pdf (d2tic4wvo1iusb.cloudfront.net) | 4,5 |
| Ensure continued training for<br>curriculum leaders to ensure<br>there is a clear and challeng-<br>ing curriculum. That is moni-<br>tored for impact  | This will support the delivery of high quality teaching and learning across the curriculum, thus in turn having an impact on all pupils attainment.  https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/effective-professional-development        | All |

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £78,785

| Activity   | Evidence that supports this approach  |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Buying in to Safe Space counselling service to target specific children with mental wellbeing concerns.  2 counsellors a week (9 sessions weekly)  | There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers):  EEF Social and Emotional Learning.pdf (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)                                     | 4 |  |
| Invest in teaching assistant time to implement specific SALT targets.  Introduce communication SEND support across school with signs and symbols  Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment:  Oral language interventions   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) |   | 1 |  |
| Additional phonics sessions targeted at pupils falling behind, especially disadvantaged pupils.  Assess phonics and implement intervention across Y3 and those falling behind or new to the school in line with RWI program  | Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks:  Phonics   Toolkit Strand   Education   Endowment Foundation   EEF | 2 |  |
| Targeted Maths support identified for disadvantaged children – small group TA intervention. These groups will be fluid depending on topic and need.  | Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one:  One to one tuition   EEF (educationendow-mentfoundation.org.uk)  And in small groups:  Small group tuition   Toolkit Strand   Education Endowment Foundation   EEF              |   |  |

| To ensure disadvantaged pupils have access to school trips, after school clubs, breakfast club, swimming etc. | Evidence shows that developing disadvantaged pupils wellbeing and relationships supports academic learning  "Addressing Educational Advanatge – the Essex way" – Edited by Marc Rowland | 4 |
|---|---|---|
| Monitor attendance at extra curricular clubs and offer support where required,                                |   |   |

## Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

| Activity   | Evidence that supports this approach  | Challenge<br>number(s)<br>addressed |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Monitor attendance and punctuality by embedding principles of good practice set out in the DfE's Improving School Attendance advice to increase attendance | The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.   | 6                                   |
| Liaise with school Attendance officer.   |   |                                     |
| Continue to invest in the Herts therapeutic thinking program to support good learning behaviours.  | Evidence shows that positive behaviours impact on learning attainment. <a href="https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk">https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk</a> /education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/behaviour-   | All                                 |
| Develop behaviour and emotional literacy curriculum.   | interventions   |                                     |
| Continue to invest in the OPAL Play project, including staff training to limit behavioural incidents at lunchtimes.  |   |                                     |
| Develop SEMH provision to support pupils with regulation strategies.   |   |                                     |
| Continue to implement the National Breakfast program across school to ensure that all pupils are having an adequate morning meal                           | Previous EEF impact evaluation found that offering pupils in primary schools a free and nutritious meal before school can boost their reading, writing, and maths attainment by an average of two months' additional progress in Key Stage 1.  EEF National Breakfast Program Project | 5                                   |

## Part B: Review of previous academic year

### **Pupil premium strategy outcomes**

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

We have analysed the performance of our school's disadvantaged pupils during the academic years 2022/2023 and 2023/2024 using key stage 1 and 2 performance data, phonics check results and our own internal assessments.

| KS1 Phonics                   | 21/22 PPG   | 21/22 Non PPG | 21/22 All pupils | 21/22 - National |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
|                               | (19 pupils) | (19 pupils)   | (38 pupils)      |                  |
| Y1 Phonics<br>Screening Check | 47%         | 63%           | 55%              | 75%              |
| KS1 Phonics                   | 22/23 PPG   | 22/23 Non PPG | 22/23 All pupils | 22/23 - National |
|                               | (23 pupils) | (35 pupils)   | (58 pupils)      |                  |
| Y1 Phonics<br>Screening Check | 39%         | 49%           | 45%              | 79%              |
| KS1 Phonics                   | 23/24 PPG   | 23/24 Non PPG | 23/24 All pupils | 23/24 - National |
|                               | (16 pupils) | (35 pupils)   | (51 pupils)      |                  |
| Y1 Phonics<br>Screening Check | 31%         | 60%           | 52%              | 80%              |

| KS1 Assessments | 21/22 PPG   | 21/22 Non PPG | 21/22 All pupils | 21/22 - National |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
|                 | (31 pupils) | (19 pupils)   | (50 pupils)      |                  |
| Reading         | 29%         | 58%           | 40%              | 67%              |
| Writing         | 19%         | 26%           | 22%              | 58%              |
| Maths           | 26%         | 47%           | 34%              | 68%              |
| KS1 Assessments | 22/23 PPG   | 22/23 Non PPG | 22/23 All pupils | 22/23 - National |
|                 | (23 pupils) | (27 students) | (40 pupils)      |                  |
| Reading         | 22%         | 23%           | 32%              | 68%              |
| Writing         | 9%          | 26%           | 28%              | 60%              |
| Maths           | 26%         | 37%           | 18%              | 70%              |

| KS1 Assessments | 23/24 PPG   | 23/24 Non PPG | 23/24 All pupils | 23/24 - National |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|
|                 | (21 pupils) | (30 pupils)   | (51 pupils)      |                  |
| Reading         | 42%         | 56%           | 50%              | N/A              |
| Writing         | 37%         | 48%           | 43%              | N/A              |
| Maths           | 68%         | 68%           | 68%              | N/A              |

| 21/22 PPG   | 21/22 Non PPG  | 21/22 All pupils  | 21/22 - National  |
|-------------|--|---|---|
| (25 pupils) | (20 pupils)  | (45 pupils)   |   |
| 36%         | 25%  | 31%   | 69%   |
| 32%         | 40%  | 35%   | 74%   |
| 32%         | 20%  | 27%   | 72%   |
| 16%         | 25%  | 20%   | 71%   |
| 22/23 PPG   | 22/23 Non PPG  | 22/23 All pupils  | 22/23 - National  |
| (24 pupils) | (28 students)  | (52 pupils)   |   |
| 50%         | 57%  | 54%   | 73%   |
| 33%         | 52%  | 43%   | 71%   |
| 50%         | 39%  | 44%   | 72%   |
| 33%         | 50%  | 42%   | 73%   |
| 23/24 PPG   | 23/24 Non PPG  | 23/24 All pupils  | 23/24 - National  |
| (13 pupils) | (16 pupils)  | (29 pupils)   |   |
| 39%         | 81%  | 62%   | 74%   |
| 15%         | 69%  | 45%   | 72%   |
| 39%         | 81%  | 55%   | 61%   |
| 8%          | 69%  | 42%   | 73%   |
|             | (25 pupils)  36%  32%  32%  16%  22/23 PPG (24 pupils)  50%  33%  50%  33%  23/24 PPG (13 pupils)  39%  15%  39% | (25 pupils)       (20 pupils)         36%       25%         32%       40%         32%       20%         16%       25%         22/23 PPG (24 pupils)       (28 students)         50%       57%         33%       52%         50%       39%         33%       50%         23/24 PPG (13 pupils)       (16 pupils)         39%       81%         15%       69%         39%       81% | (25 pupils)       (20 pupils)       (45 pupils)         36%       25%       31%         32%       40%       35%         32%       20%       27%         16%       25%       20%         22/23 PPG<br>(24 pupils)       22/23 Non PPG<br>(28 students)       22/23 All pupils<br>(52 pupils)         50%       57%       54%         33%       52%       43%         50%       39%       44%         33%       50%       42%         23/24 PPG<br>(13 pupils)       23/24 Non PPG<br>(16 pupils)       23/24 All pupils<br>(29 pupils)         39%       81%       62%         15%       69%       45%         39%       81%       55% |

## **Externally provided programmes**

| Programme                     | Provider                                    |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Therapeutic thinking training | Therapeutic thinking approach Hertfordshire |
| Read Write Inc                | Ruth Miskin                                 |
| Times Table Rockstars         | 3P Learning                                 |
| National Breakfast Scheme     | Family Action                               |
| Herts Music Service           | Herts Music Service                         |
| Dacorum Sports Network        | Dacorum                                     |
| Commando Jo                   | Commando Jo                                 |
| HFL                           | Herts for Learning                          |
| MFL Programme                 | Language Angels                             |
| Lexia (Reading)               | Lexia Learning                              |
| Oxford Owl Online Books       | Oxford Owl                                  |